

HW 4 2012

Saturday, August 18, 2012
9:21 PM

(26) (a)

$$900 A_{q_1} = 180V + 288V^2 + 216V^3 + 216V^4$$

$$= 816.01$$

$$A_{q_1} = \frac{816.01}{900} = \boxed{0.90668}$$

(b) $900 A_{q_1: \overline{3}} = 180V + 288V^2 + 216V^3$

$$A_{q_1: \overline{3}} = \frac{631.3723}{900} = \boxed{0.70152}$$

(c) ${}_3 E_{q_1} = v^3 {}_3 p_{q_1} = \left(\frac{1}{1.04}\right)^3 \frac{216}{900} = \boxed{0.21336}$

(d) $A_{q_1: \overline{3}} = A_{q_1: \overline{3}} + {}_3 E_{q_1} =$

$$0.70152 + 0.21336$$

$$= 0.91488$$

$$1000 A_{q_1: \overline{3}} = \boxed{914.88}$$

(e) ${}_{21} A_{q_1} = {}_2 E_{q_1} \cdot A_{q_3} =$

$$\left(\frac{1}{1.04}\right)^2 \left(\frac{432}{900}\right) \left(\frac{216V + 216V^2}{432}\right)$$

$$= \boxed{0.41851}$$

(f) $\text{Var}[Z] = 2A_{q_1} - (A_{q_1})^2$

$$\textcircled{f} \text{Var}[z] = 2A_{91} - (A_{91})^2$$

$$900^2 A_{91} = 180v^2 + 288v^4 + 216v^6 + 216v^8$$

$$2A_{91} = 0.82349$$

$$\text{Var}[z] = 2A_{91} - (A_{91})^2 =$$

$$0.82349 - (0.90668)^2 = \boxed{0.00142}$$

$$\textcircled{g} 900 A_{91}^{(4)} = \frac{180}{4} (v^{1/4} + v^{1/2} + v^{3/4} + v^1)$$

$$+ \frac{288}{4} (v^{5/4} + v^{6/4} + v^{7/4} + v^2)$$

$$+ \frac{216}{4} (v^{9/4} + v^{10/4} + v^{11/4} + v^3)$$

$$+ \frac{216}{4} (v^{13/4} + v^{14/4} + v^{15/4} + v^{16/4})$$

$$= 45 \left(\frac{v^{1/4} - v^{5/4}}{1 - v^{1/4}} \right) +$$

$$72 \left(\frac{v^{5/4} - v^{9/4}}{1 - v^{1/4}} \right) +$$

$$54 \left(\frac{v^{9/4} - v^{17/4}}{1 - v^{1/4}} \right)$$

$$= 828.15$$

$$A_{91}^{(4)} = \frac{828.15}{900} = \boxed{0.92017}$$

$$\textcircled{h} 432 A_{\dots}^{(12)} = \frac{216}{1} (v^{1/12} + v^{2/12} + \dots + v^{12/12})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{h} \quad 432 A_{93}^{(12)} &= \frac{216}{12} \left(v^{1/12} + v^{2/12} + \dots + v^{12/12} \right) \\ &+ \frac{216}{12} \left(v^{13/12} + \dots + v^{24/12} \right) \\ &= 18 \left(\frac{v^{1/12} - v^{25/12}}{1 - v^{1/12}} \right) = 414.8125 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1000 A_{93}^{(12)} &= 1000 \left(\frac{414.8125}{432} \right) \\ &= \boxed{960.21411} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{i} \quad 900 (\text{IA})_{91} &= (1)(180)(v) + \\ &(2)(288)v^2 + (3)(216)v^3 + (4)(216)v^4 \\ (\text{IA})_{91} &= \boxed{2.24471} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{j} \quad 900 (\text{IA})'_{91:\overline{3}|} &= (1)(180)(v) + \\ &(2)(288)v^2 + (3)(216)v^3 \\ (\text{IA})'_{91:\overline{3}|} &= \boxed{1.42410} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{27} \textcircled{a} \quad A_{50} = \boxed{0.24905} \text{ straight from Table}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{b} \quad A_{50:\overline{20}|} &= A_{50} - {}_{20}E_{50} A_{70} \\ &= 0.24905 - (0.23047)(0.51495) \\ &= \boxed{0.12027} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \boxed{0.13037}$$

$$\textcircled{c} A_{50:\overline{20}} = A'_{50:\overline{20}} + {}_{20}E_{50}$$

$$= 0.13037 + 0.23047$$

$$= \boxed{0.36084}$$

$$\textcircled{d} {}_{20|}A_{50} = {}_{20}E_{50} A_{70} =$$

$$(0.23047)(0.51495) = \boxed{0.11868}$$

$$\textcircled{e} A'_{50:\overline{35}} = A_{50} - {}_{35}E_{50} A_{85}$$

$$= A_{50} - {}_{20}E_{50} {}_{10}E_{70} {}_{5}E_{80} A_{85}$$

$$= (0.24905) - (0.23047)(0.33037)(0.45019)$$

$$(0.73407)$$

$$= \boxed{0.22388}$$

$$\textcircled{f} \text{Var}[Z] = {}^2A_{50} - (A_{50})^2$$

$$= 0.09476 - (0.24905)^2$$

$$= \boxed{0.03273}$$

$$\textcircled{g} \text{Var}[Z] = {}^2A'_{50:\overline{20}} - (A'_{50:\overline{20}})^2$$

$$A'_{50:\overline{20}} = 0.13037 \text{ from part (b)}$$

$${}^2A'_{50:\overline{20}} = {}^2A_{50} - v^{40} {}_{20}p_x {}^2A_{70}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
{}^2A_{50:\overline{20}|} &= {}^2A_{50} - v_{20}^{40} {}^2A_{70} \\
&= 0.09476 - (1.06)^{-40} \frac{6,616,155}{8,959,901} (0.30642) \\
&= 0.07274
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
|a| &= 0.07274 - (0.13037)^2 \\
&= \boxed{0.05574}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(5) \quad {}_{13}E_{40} &= v_{13}^{13} {}_{13}P_{40} \\
&= \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right)^{13} \frac{2.53}{2.40} \\
&= \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right)^{13} \frac{8,779,128}{9,313,166} \\
&= \boxed{0.44195}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(28) \quad A_x &= vq_x + v p_x A_{x+1} \\
\Rightarrow 0.5 &= vq_x + v p_x (0.50617) \\
\parallel A_x &= v p_x A_{x+1} \\
\Rightarrow 0.410 &= v p_x (0.50617) \\
v p_x &= \frac{0.410}{0.50617} = 0.81 \\
0.5 &= vq_x + 0.81(0.50617)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{q_x} = 0.09$$

$$\sqrt{p_x} = \sqrt{1 - q_x} = \sqrt{1 - 0.09} = \sqrt{0.91} = 0.9539$$

$$\therefore v = 0.9 \quad i = \frac{1}{v} - 1 = \boxed{0.111\bar{1}}$$

$$\sqrt{q_x} = 0.09$$

$$\cdot q_x = 0.09 \Rightarrow \boxed{q_x = 0.10}$$

$$\textcircled{29} \text{Var}[Z] = {}^2A_{91} - (A_{91})^2$$

$$0.00706 = 0.54696 - (A_{91})^2$$

$$\Rightarrow A_{91} = \sqrt{0.54696 - 0.00706} = 0.734779$$

$$A_{20} = \sqrt{q_x} + \sqrt{p_x} A_{91}$$

$$= \frac{0.09}{1.08} + \frac{0.92}{1.08} (0.734779)$$

$$= \boxed{0.70000}$$

$$\textcircled{30} A_{70} = \sqrt{q_{70}} + \sqrt{p_{70}} A_{71}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1.06} (2)(0.03318) +$$

$$\frac{1}{1.06} (1 - (2)(0.03318)) (0.53026)$$

$$= 0.529653$$

$$\text{1th } A - \text{1th } A = \text{1th } A - \text{1th } A$$

$$100,000 A_{70} = \underline{52,965.3}$$

(31) (a)

$$1000 \bar{A}_{50} = 1000 \frac{i}{\delta} A_{50} =$$

$$(1.02971)(249.05) = \underline{256.45}$$

$$(b) 1000 \bar{A}_{50:\overline{20}|} = 1000 \frac{i}{\delta} A'_{50:\overline{20}|}$$

$$= 1000 (1.02971)(0.13037) = \underline{134.24}$$

↑

From (30) (b)

$$(c) 1000 \bar{A}_{50:\overline{20}|} = 1000 \bar{A}'_{50:\overline{20}|} +$$

From (b)

$$1000 {}_{20}E_{50}$$

$$= 134.24 + 230.47 = \underline{364.71}$$

$$(d) 1000 {}_{20|}\bar{A}_{50} = {}_{20}E_{50} (1000 \bar{A}_{70})$$

$$= {}_{20}E_{50} \left(\frac{i}{\delta}\right) (1000 A_{70})$$

$$= (0.23047)(1.02971)(514.95) = \underline{122.21}$$

$$(e) 1000 A_{50}^{(4)} = 1000 \frac{i}{i^{(4)}} A_{50}$$

$$= (1.02223)(249.05) = \underline{254.59}$$

$$\textcircled{32} \textcircled{a} \quad 1000 \bar{A}_{50} = 1000 A_{50} (1.06)^{1/2}$$

$$= 249.05 (1.06)^{1/2} = \boxed{256.41}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad 1000 \bar{A}_{50:\overline{20}|}^1 = 1000 A_{50:\overline{20}|}^1 (1.06)^{1/2}$$

$$= 130.37 (1.06)^{1/2} = \boxed{134.22}$$

↑
From $\textcircled{30} \textcircled{b}$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad 1000 \bar{A}_{50:\overline{20}|} =$$

$$1000 \bar{A}_{50:\overline{20}|}^1 + {}_{20}E_{50} =$$

$$134.22 + 230.47 = \boxed{364.69}$$

From \textcircled{b}

$$\textcircled{d} \quad 1000 {}_{20|}\bar{A}_{50} = 1000 {}_{20|}A_{50} (1.06)^{1/2}$$

$$= 1000 {}_{20}E_{50} A_{70} (1.06)^{1/2}$$

$$= (0.23047)(514.95)(1.06)^{1/2}$$

$$= \boxed{122.19}$$

$$\textcircled{e} \quad 1000 A_{50}^{(4)} = 1000 A_{50} (1.06)^{3/8}$$

$$= 249.05 (1.06)^{3/8} = \boxed{254.55}$$

$$\textcircled{33} \textcircled{a} \quad A_{54:\overline{3}|}$$

$$= v q_{[54]} + v^2 (1 - q_{[54]}) (q_{[54]} + 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + v^3 (1 - q_{[54]}) (1 - q_{[54]+1}) (q_{[54]+2}) \\
 & = \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right) (.04) + \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right)^2 (.96) (.055) + \\
 & \quad \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right)^3 (.96) (.945) (.076) \\
 & = \boxed{0.14262}
 \end{aligned}$$

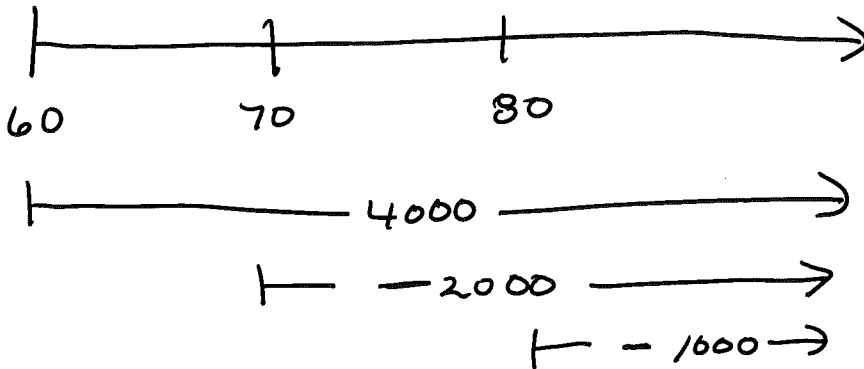
$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{b} \quad A_{[54]:\overline{3}|} &= A_{[54]:\overline{3}|}^1 + {}_3E_{54} \\
 & 0.14262 + v^3 (1 - q_{[54]}) (1 - q_{[54]+1}) (1 - q_{[54]+2}) \\
 & = 0.14262 + \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right)^3 (.96) (.945) (.926) \\
 & = \boxed{0.84643}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{34} \quad A_{x:\overline{3}|} &= v q_x + v^2 p_x q_{x+1} + v^3 p_x p_{x+1} \\
 & = \left(\frac{1}{1.1}\right) (.2) + \left(\frac{1}{1.1}\right)^2 (.8) (.4) \\
 & \quad + \left(\frac{1}{1.1}\right)^3 (.8) (.6) \\
 & = \boxed{0.80691}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{35} \quad EPV &= \int_0^{\infty} b_t \cdot v^t \cdot {}_t p_x \mu_{x+t} dt \\
 & = \int_0^{\infty} (1.06)^t \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right)^t {}_t p_x \mu_{x+t} dt
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} t p_x \mu_{x+t} dt = \infty f_x = \boxed{1}$$

(36)



$$\begin{aligned} EPU &= 4000 A_{60} - 2000 {}_{10|} A_{60} - 1000 {}_{20|} A_{60} \\ &= 4000 A_{60} - 2000 {}_{10} E_{60} A_{70} - 1000 {}_{20} E_{60} A_{80} \\ &= 4(369.13) - 2(.45120)(574.95) \\ &\quad - (1)(0.14906)(665.75) \\ &= \boxed{912.59} \end{aligned}$$

(37)

$$\begin{aligned} E(z) &= 5000 A_{45} - 3000 {}_{20} E_{45} A_{65} \\ &= 5000(.20120) \\ &\quad - 3000(.25634)(.43980) \\ &= 667.78500 \end{aligned}$$

$$E[z^2] = E \left[\left(5000 v^{k+1} - 3000 v^{k+1} (I = k > 20) \right)^2 \right]$$

$$= E \left[(5000)^2 v^{2K+2} - \right.$$

$$(3000)(5000)v^{K+1}v^{K+1} (T=K > 20)$$

$$\left. + 3000^2 v^{2K+2} (T=K > 20) \right]$$

$$= (5000)^2 {}^2A_{45} - (2000)(3000)v_{20}^{20} E_{45} {}^2A_{65}$$

$$= (5000)^2 (.66802) - (2000)(3000) \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right)^{20} (.25634) (.23603)$$

$$= 1,587,307.53$$

$$Var = 1,587,307.53 - (667.785)^2 = 1,141,370.72$$

38) $EPV = A_{80}$ at i^* where

$$i^* = \frac{1+i}{1+j} - 1 = \frac{1.113}{1.05} - 1 = 0.06$$

so we can just use A_{80} from table

$$= \boxed{0.66575}$$

$$39) A_{\overline{27}|}^{\text{SMOKERS}} = \left(\frac{1}{1.02}\right)(0.10) + \left(\frac{1}{1.02}\right)^2(0.9)(0.2)$$

$$= 0.27105$$

$$A_{\overline{27}|}^{\text{NONSMOKERS}} = \left(\frac{1}{1.02}\right)(0.05) + \left(\frac{1}{1.02}\right)^2(0.95)(0.10)$$

$$= 0.14033$$

$$10,000 A_{\overline{27}|} =$$

$$10,000 A_{\overline{3}|}^{\overline{1}|} =$$

$$10,000 \left[(.25)(0.27105) + (.75)(0.14033) \right]$$

$$= \boxed{1730.10}$$

(40) The bulbs that fail during the first year is
 $(10,000)(0.1) = 1000$

At the beginning of the second year, there are 9000 1 year old bulbs and 1000 new bulbs.

So bulbs that fail are

$$(9000)(0.3) + (1000)(0.1) = 2800$$

At beginning of year 3, there are

6300	2 year old bulbs
900	1 year old bulbs
2800	new bulbs

Failures during the third year are

$$(6300)(0.5) + (900)(0.3) + (2800)(0.1)$$

$$= 3700$$

$$EPV = \sqrt{(1000) + \sqrt{2}(2800) + \sqrt{3}(3700)}$$

$$= \underline{16688.26}$$

$$(41) APV_{80}^{\delta=0.2} = 13 = v q_{80} (20) + v p_{80} (APV_{81})$$

$$= \frac{(20)(.2)}{1.06} + \frac{.8}{1.06} (APV_{81})$$

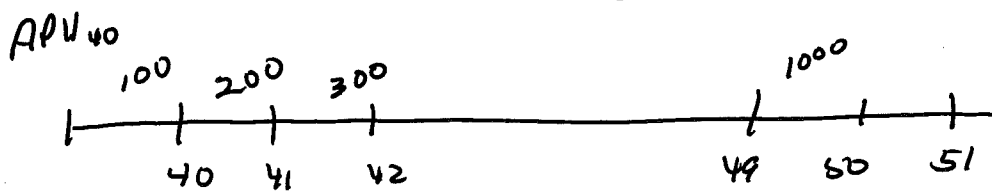
$$\therefore APV_{81} = \frac{13 - \frac{20(.2)}{1.06}}{\frac{.8}{1.06}} = 12.225$$

$$APV_{80}^{\delta=0.1} = v q_{80} (20) + v p_{80} (APV_{81})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1.06} (.1)(20) + \frac{1}{1.06} (.9)(12.225)$$

$$= \boxed{12.27}$$

$$(42) APV_{40} = v p_{40} APV_{41} + 100,000 A_{40:\overline{10}|} - 1,000,000 {}_{10}E_{40} v q_{50}$$



(a) ⇒	100	200		900	1000
(b) ⇒	100	100		100	
(c) ⇒					-1000
TOTAL	100	200	300	1000	0

$$= v p_{40} (16,736) + 100,000 (A_{40} - {}_{10}E_{40} \cdot A_{50})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - 1,000,000 \cdot {}_{10}E_{40} v q_{50} \\
& = \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right) (0.99722)(16,736) + \\
& \quad 100,000 \left[0.16132 - 0.53667(0.24905) \right] \\
& - 1,000,000 (0.53667) \left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right) (0.00592) \\
& = \boxed{15,513.77}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(43) \quad E[Z] &= 300 v q_x + 350 v^2 p_x q_{x+1} \\
& \quad + 400 v^3 p_x p_{x+1} q_{x+2} \\
& = \frac{300}{1.06} (0.02) + \frac{(350)(.98)(.04)}{(1.06)^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{400 (.98)(.96)(.06)}{(1.06)^3} \\
& = 36.82906
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
E[Z^2] &= (300)^2 v^2 q_x + (350)^2 v^4 p_x q_{x+1} \\
& \quad + (400)^2 v^6 p_x \cdot p_{x+1} \cdot q_{x+2} \\
& = \frac{(300)^2 (0.02)}{(1.06)^2} + \frac{(350)^2 (.98)(.04)}{(1.06)^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{(400)^2 (.98)(.96)(.06)}{(1.06)^4} \\
& = 11,722.60538
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var} = E[Z^2] - (E[Z])^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var} &= E[Z^2] - (E[Z])^2 \\ &= 11,722,60538 - (36,82906)^2 \\ &= \boxed{10,417} \end{aligned}$$

$$(44) E(Z) = 10,000 A_{65} = 4398.0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(Z) &= (10,000)^2 ({}^2A_{65} - (A_{65})^2) \\ &= (10,000)^2 [.23603 - (.4398)^2] \\ &= 4,260,596 \end{aligned}$$

$$E(\text{Port}) = 100 E(Z) = 439,800$$

$$\text{Var}(\text{Port}) = 100 \text{Var}(Z) = 426,059,600$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Amount} &= E(\text{Port}) + 1.282 \sqrt{\text{Var}(\text{Port})} \\ &= 439,800 + (1.282) \sqrt{426,059,600} \\ &= 466,262 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (45) E(Z) &= 100,000 [A_{70} - {}_{20}E_{70} A_{90}] \\ &= 100,000 [0.51495 - (0.04988)(.79346)] \\ &= 47,537.22 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}(Z) = (100,000)^2 \left[{}^2A_{70:\overline{20}|} - (A_{70:\overline{20}|})^2 \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Var}(z) &= (100,000)^2 \left[{}^2A_{70:\overline{20}|} - \left(A_{70:\overline{20}|} \right)^2 \right] \\
&= (100,000)^2 \left[{}^2A_{70:20} - {}_{20}E_{70} \left(\frac{1}{1.06} \right)^2 A_{70} \right. \\
&\quad \left. - (0.4753722)^2 \right] \\
&= (100,000)^2 \left[.30642 - (0.04988) \left(\frac{1}{1.06} \right)^{20} (.64476) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - (0.4753722)^2 \right] \\
&= (100,000)^2 (0.070410325)
\end{aligned}$$

$$E(\text{PORT}) = (400)(47,537.22) = 19,014,888$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{S.D.}(\text{PORT}) &= \sqrt{400 \text{Var}(z)} \\
&= \sqrt{400(100,000)^2(0.070410325)} \\
&= 530,698.88
\end{aligned}$$

$$E(\text{PORT}) + \gamma \text{SD}(\text{PORT}) = 20,000,000$$

$$19,014,888 + \gamma (530,698.88) = 20,000,000$$

$$\gamma = \frac{20,000,000 - 19,014,888}{530,698.88}$$

$$= 1.86$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Prob} = 0.9686$$

$$\textcircled{46} E[z] = 305.14$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Pr(Z < 305.14) &= \Pr[1000v^{k+1} < 305.14] \\
&= \Pr(v^{k+1} < 0.30514) \\
&= \Pr\left[k+1 > \frac{\ln(0.30514)}{\ln\left(\frac{1}{1.06}\right)}\right] \\
&= \Pr[k+1 > 20.37] \\
&= \Pr[k > 19.37] = 20p55 \\
&= \frac{275}{255} = 0.62448
\end{aligned}$$

(47) (a)

$$\begin{aligned}
(I A) \dot{x} : \ddot{a} &= v g_x + 2v^2 p_x g_{x+1} \\
&\quad + 3v^3 p_x g_{x+2} + \dots + n v^{n-1} p_x g_{x+n-1}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= v g_x + v p_x \left[2v g_{x+1} + 3p_{x+1} g_{x+2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \dots + n v^{n-1} p_{x+n-2} g_{x+n-1} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= v g_x + v p_x \left[v g_{x+1} + 2p_{x+1} g_{x+2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \dots + (n-1) v^{n-1} p_{x+n-2} g_{x+n-1} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\left(+ v g_{x+1} + v^2 p_{x+1} g_{x+2} + \dots \right. \\
&\quad \left. + v^{n-1} p_{x+n-2} g_{x+n-1} \right) \\
&= v g_x + v p_x \left((IA) \dots + A' \dots \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$0 \quad \dots \quad x+1 \quad \dots \quad n-1 \quad \dots \quad x+1 \quad \dots \quad n-1$$

(C) If $n \Rightarrow \infty$ then

$$(IA)_x = vq_x + vp_x [(IA)_x + A_x]$$

$$(IA)_{50} = vq_{50} + vp_{50} [(IA)_{51} + A_{51}]$$

$$vq_{50} = A_{50:\overline{1}|} = 0.00558$$

so

$$4.99675 = 0.00558 +$$

$$v(1-q_{50}) [(IA)_{51} + 0.24905]$$

$$4.99675 = 0.00558 + \left(\frac{1}{1.06} - 0.00558\right)$$

$$\left[(IA)_{51} + 0.24905 \right]$$

$$(IA)_{51} = \boxed{5.07307}$$

(48) $A_{50:\overline{20}|} = A'_{50:\overline{20}|} + {}_{20}E_{50}$

$$\therefore {}_{20}E_{50} = 0.42247 - 0.14996$$

$$= 0.27251$$

$$A_{50} = A'_{50:\overline{20}|} + {}_{20}E_{50} A_{70}$$

$$\therefore A_{70} = A_{50} - A'_{50:\overline{20}|}$$

$$\frac{0.31266 - 0.14996}{0.27251} =$$

$$= \boxed{0.59704}$$

$$\textcircled{49} \text{Var}[Y] = {}^2A_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|} - (A'_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|})^2$$

$$\text{Var}[X] = {}^2A_{x:\overline{n}|} - (A_{x:\overline{n}|})^2 = 0.0052$$

$$A'_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|} = E(Y) = 0.04$$

$$A_{x:\overline{n}|} = A'_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|} + {}_nE_x = 0.04 + v^n {}_n p_x$$

$$= 0.04 + (0.3)(0.8) = 0.28$$

$$0.0052 = {}^2A_{x:\overline{n}|} - (0.28)^2$$

$${}^2A_{x:\overline{n}|} = 0.0836$$

$${}^2A_{x:\overline{n}|} = {}^2A'_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|} + v^{2n} {}_n p_x^2$$

$$0.0836 = {}^2A'_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|} + (0.3)^2 (0.8)^2$$

$${}^2A'_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|} = 0.0116$$

$$\text{Var}[Y] = {}^2A'_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|} - (A'_{\bar{x}:\overline{n}|})^2$$

$$= 0.0116 - (0.04)^2$$

$$= \boxed{0,01}$$